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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/518,221	03/02/2000	Rick Fletcher	1129-US-DIV	4794
56436	7590	06/19/2007		
3COM CORPORATION 350 CAMPUS DRIVE MARLBOROUGH, MA 01752-3064			EXAMINER ENGLAND, DAVID E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2143	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/19/2007	PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>		<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/518,221		FLETCHER ET AL.	
	<b>Examiner</b>		<b>Art Unit</b>	
	David E. England		2143	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 05 April 2007.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 16-19 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 16-19 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |                                                                                                            |                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                           | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____                                                |

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### DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 16 – 19 are presented for examination.

### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103*

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. **Claims 16 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Desai et al. (5781703) (hereinafter Desai) in view of Engel et al. (6115393) (hereinafter Engel).**

3. As to claim 16, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Desai teaches a method for distributed remote network monitoring (dRMON) in a LAN comprising:

4. deploying, within each of a plurality of ESs to be monitored, executable code comprising an dRMON agent associated with the ES configured to communicate with a dRMON proxy connected to the LAN, each dRMON agent implementing RMON functional groups but only capturing and analyzing packets transmitted and/or received by the ES, (e.g., col. 3, lines 39 – 63 & col. 6, lines 10 – 49);

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5. forwarding, periodically by the dRMON agents, agent data to said dRMON proxy, (e.g., col. 3, lines 39 – 63 & col. 6, lines 10 – 49); and
6. combining the forwarded agent data at the dRMON proxy, (e.g., col. 3, lines 14 – 63 & col. 6, lines 10 – 49).
7. Desai does not specifically teach the agent data being statistical and/or captured packet data.
8. Engel teaches the agent data being statistical data, (e.g., col. 6, lines 52 – 65). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Engel with Desai because utilizing statistical data in later analysis against earlier collected statistical data give the system the ability to compare information to see if there is any degradation in network services, trends or faulty nodes so they may be fixed or attended to so the system can operate with out error.
9. Claim 19 is rejected for similar reasons as stated above.
10. **Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Desai and Engel as applied to claim 16 above, and in further view of Dobbins et al. (5790546) (hereinafter Dobbins).**
11. As per claim 17, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Desai and Engel teach all that is similar in nature to claim 17 in regards to communication between dRMON agents and a dRMON proxy with in ESs but they do not specifically teach said proxy includes a set of SNMP

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interfaces so that existing network application management software can interact with said dRMON proxy as though said dRMON proxy were a non-distributed RMON probe.

12. Dobbins teaches said proxy includes a set of SNMP interfaces so that existing network application management software can interact with said dRMON proxy as though said dRMON proxy were a non-distributed RMON probe, (e.g. col. 16, lines 4 – 26). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Dobbins with the combine system of Desai and Engel because it would be more efficient for a system to utilize the same functions that a probe has and apply them to a proxy so have all functions of both devices in one device that could save time on transmission time and prevent errors in transmissions to and from the proxy and probe. Furthermore, Applicant discloses that this has been used in the prior art as stated in the claim itself.

13. As per claim 18, as closely interpreted by the Examiner, Desai and Engel teach all that is disclosed above with regard to ESs in the same multicast domain are treated by a dRMON proxy as though they are on one LAN segment to RMON applications that interact with the dRMON proxy though it were a RMON probe but does not specifically teach ports and hosts are combinable to create Virtual LAN (VLAN) definitions to cause the monitoring function to operate as though all selected hosts were on the same LAN segment being served by the same RMON probe with the dRMON proxy creating and maintaining several such views with each appearing as one interface to RMON management applications.

14. Dobbins more specifically teaches ports and hosts are combinable to create Virtual LAN (VLAN) definitions to cause the monitoring function to operate as though all selected hosts were

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on the same LAN segment being served by the same RMON probe with the dRMON proxy creating and maintaining several such views with each appearing as one interface to RMON management applications, (e.g. col. 9, line 13 – col. 10, line 5 & col. 17, lines 28 – 67). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Dobbins with the combine system of Desai and Engel because it would be more convenient for a system to utilize the functions of VLAN's so a user in a specific user group does not have to be connected to a same segment as the group to which it belongs to. Therefore allowing a new user and existing users the convenient of being stationed anywhere in the system and allowing the system to perceive as though the user was on the same segment.

### *Response to Arguments*

15. Applicant's arguments filed 04/05/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

16. In the Remarks, Applicant argues in substance that Desai and Engel do not teach only analyzing packets transmitted and/or received by each ES.

17. As to the first argument, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to omit other elements of a monitoring protocol and only analyzing packets transmitted and/or received by each ES, since it has been held that omission of an element and its function in a combination where the remaining elements perform the same

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functions as before involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184. Since the prior art teaches all the elements disclosed by the Applicant, as even stated by the Applicant in discussing RMON I and II, the rejections still stands in the understanding of the obviousness found in *In re Karlson*, 136 USPQ 184.

18. All other Remarks fall under the same type of reasoning and therefore can be addressed in similar light as stated above.

### ***Conclusion***

19. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. England whose telephone number is 571-272-3912.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 571-272-3923. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

David E. England  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2143

DE



DAVID WILEY  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100